that is a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization)" after "to a foreign country".

SA 4901. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 3436, to require the imposition of sanctions with respect to entities responsible for the planning, construction, or operation of the Nord Stream 2 pipeline and their corporate officers and to apply congressional review under the Countering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act to the removal of sanctions relating to Nord Stream 2, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ___. CANCELLATION OF REVOCATION OF PERMIT FOR KEYSTONE XL PIPE-LINE.

On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, section 6 of Executive Order 13990 (86 Fed. Reg. 7037; relating to protecting public health and the environment and restoring science to tackle the climate crisis) shall have no force or effect.

SA 4902. Mr. SCHUMER (for Mr. CARDIN) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 2471, to measure the progress of post-disaster recovery and efforts to address corruption, governance, rule of law, and media freedoms in Haiti; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act".

SEC. 2. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

- It is the policy of the United States to support the sustainable rebuilding and development of Haiti in a manner that—
- (1) recognizes Haitian independence, self-reliance, and sovereignty;
- (2) promotes efforts that are led by and support the people and Government of Haiti at all levels so that Haitians lead the course of reconstruction and development of Haiti;
- (3) contributes to international efforts to facilitate conditions for broad, inclusive, and sustained political dialogue among the different actors in Haiti to restore democratic legitimacy and institutions in Haiti;
- (4) builds the long-term capacity of the Government of Haiti, civil society, and the private sector to foster economic opportunities in Haiti
- (5) fosters collaboration between the Haitian diaspora in the United States, including dual citizens of Haiti and the United States, and the Government of Haiti and the business community in Haiti;
- (6) supports anticorruption efforts, promotes press freedom, and addresses human rights concerns, including through the enforcement of sanctions imposed in accordance with the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (subtitle F of title XII of Public Law 114–328; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note) on individuals implicated in human rights violations and corruption;
- (7) respects and helps restore the natural resources of Haiti and strengthens community-level resilience to environmental and weather-related impacts:
- (8) promotes political stability through the holding of free, fair, transparent, and timely elections in accordance with democratic principles and the Constitution of Haiti;

- (9) provides timely and comprehensive reporting on the goals and progress of the Government of Haiti and the United States Government, and transparent post-program evaluations and contracting data; and
- (10) promotes the participation of Haitian women and youth in governmental and non-governmental institutions and in economic development and governance assistance programs funded by the United States.

SEC. 3. DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE CONGRES-SIONAL COMMITTEES.

In this Act, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—

- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate: and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 4. STRENGTHENING HUMAN RIGHTS AND ANTICORRUPTION EFFORTS IN HAITI AND HOLDING PERPETRATORS OF THE LA SALINE MASSACRE ACCOUNTABLE.

- (a) PRIORITIZATION BY SECRETARY OF STATE.—The Secretary of State shall prioritize the protection of human rights and anticorruption efforts in Haiti through the following methods:
- (1) Fostering strong relationships with independent civil society groups focused on monitoring corruption and human rights abuses and promoting democracy in Haiti.
- (2) Supporting the efforts of the Government of Haiti to identify persons involved in human rights violations and significant acts of corruption in Haiti, including public and private sector actors, and hold them accountable for their actions.
- (3) Addressing concerns of impunity for the alleged perpetrators of and the individuals who organized and planned the massacre in La Saline that took place on November 13, 2018.
- (4) Urging authorities to continue to investigate attacks in the neighborhoods of La Saline and Bel Air in 2018 and 2019 that left dozens dead in order to bring the perpetrators to justice
- (b) Briefing.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall brief the appropriate congressional committees on the events that took place on November 13, 2018, in the neighborhood of La Saline, in Port-au-Prince, Haiti, and the aftermath of those events
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The briefing required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) An examination of any links between the massacre in La Saline and mass protests that occurred concurrently in Haiti.
- (B) An analysis of the reports on the massacre in La Saline authored by the United Nations, the European Union, and the Government of Haiti.
- (C) A detailed description of all known perpetrators of and the individuals who organized and planned the massacre.
- (D) An overview of efforts of the Government of Haiti to bring the perpetrators of and the individuals who organized and planned the massacre in La Saline to justice and to prevent other similar attacks.
- (E) An assessment of the ensuing treatment and displacement of the survivors of the massacre in La Saline.
- (3) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consult with nongovernmental organizations in Haiti and the United States.

SEC. 5. PROMOTING FREEDOM OF THE PRESS AND ASSEMBLY IN HAITI.

The Secretary of State shall prioritize the promotion of freedom of the press and freedom of assembly and the protection of journalists in Haiti through the following methods:

- (1) Advocating to Haitian authorities for increased protection for journalists and the press and for the freedom to peacefully assemble or protest in Haiti.
- (2) Collaborating with officials of the Government of Haiti and representatives of civil society to increase legal protections for journalists in Haiti.
- (3) Supporting efforts to strengthen transparency in the public and private sectors in Haiti and access to information in Haiti.
- (4) Using United States foreign assistance for programs to strengthen capacity for independent journalists and increase support for investigative journalism in Haiti.

SEC. 6. SUPPORTING POST-EARTHQUAKE, POST-HURRICANE, AND POST-COVID-19 RECOVERY AND DEVELOPMENT IN HAITI.

The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, shall prioritize post-earthquake, post-hurricane, and post-COVID-19 recovery and development efforts in Haiti through the following methods:

- (1) Collaborating with the Government of Haiti on a detailed and transparent development plan that includes clear objectives and benchmarks.
- (2) Building the capacity of Haitian-led public, private, and nongovernmental sector institutions in Haiti through post-earth-quake and post-hurricane recovery and development planning.
- (3) Assessing the impact of the recovery efforts of the United States and the international community in Haiti since January 2010
- (4) Supporting disaster resilience and reconstruction efforts.
- (5) Addressing the underlying causes of poverty and inequality.
 - (6) Improving access to—
 - (A) health resources;

(8) Supporting-

- (B) public health technical assistance; and
- (C) clean water, food, and shelter.
- (7) Assessing the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on post-disaster recovery efforts and evaluating United States support needed to help with the pandemic response in Haiti.
- (A) the export of additional United Statesproduced COVID-19 vaccine doses to Haiti; and
- (B) the safe storage, transport, and end-toend distribution of United States-produced COVID-19 vaccines throughout Haiti, in light of ongoing humanitarian access challenges presented by Haiti's security environment.

SEC. 7. REPORT ON DEVELOPMENTS IN HAITI.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development (in this section referred to as the "Administrator") and other relevant agencies and departments, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on developments in Haiti.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A strategy for carrying out sections 4(a), 5, and 6, including established baselines, benchmarks, and indicators to measure outcomes and impact.
- (2) An assessment of major corruption committed among the public and private sectors in Haiti, including identification of any individual or entity that financed corruption activities, and all corruption prosecutions investigated by the judiciary of Haiti since January 2015.